Histamine-Conscious FOOD LIST



DR. Kelly MCCANN



Hi! Sarah here, Functional Nutritionist with Dr. Kelly's team.

I'm guessing you're here because you are having symptoms that seem food-related, but you aren't sure what foods are the culprit?

Maybe you know that you have trouble with certain foods, but you don't know why and you can't seem to get relief?

Maybe you already know you have MCAS or histamine-intolerance, and you need some support?

I speak with a lot of people who have food sensitivities, sometimes so many that they only tolerate a handful of foods. If you suspect that you are dealing with histamine intolerance, this Histamine-Conscious Food List can be an invaluable tool. You can use this list to plan your meals and grocery shop, but it can also serve as a guide when it comes to figuring out what foods you tolerate and which ones trigger symptoms.

Navigating food sensitivities of any kind is tricky, sometimes confusing, and often frustrating. I hope this Histamine-Conscious Food List is helpful, and if you need some extra support I am available for one-onone nutrition consultations.

Be well (nourished),

Sarah The Dr. Kelly K. McCann Team





Foods in the Generally Safe column will be lower histamine, or histaminelowering (containing compounds that are antihistamine). Foods in the Highly Individual column may also be lower histamine, but these foods are problematic for more people than the Generally Safe foods. Foods in the Best Avoided column are high histamine-producing or histamine-releasing and should generally be avoided.

Food tolerance varies by individual. All foods in all columns have the potential to cause problems in those dealing with MCAS -- foods that are high in oxalates and lectins can trigger symptoms in these individuals, and there are other compounds in foods that can promote histamine build-up. It is strongly recommended that a food and symptom log be kept, so you know exactly what foods you tolerate and what foods are problematic for you. It may also be that very small amounts of foods in the Best Avoided column are fine for you; keep in mind that histamine intolerance is somewhat dose-dependent, meaning that one bite may be okay but two bites might push your system over the edge.

Always choose organic (or wild-caught, farm-fresh, free-range, and/or grass-fed meat/fish). Even foods listed on the Environmental Working Group Clean Fifteen list should be purchased organic. Any chemical pesticides or fertilizer residues could trigger mast cell activation and if you react to a food that is conventionally grown, it may be difficult to determine whether the food or the residues are causing your symptoms.





Meats

organic, free-range, freshly cooked, freeze leftovers immediately

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
 Unaged beef Unaged bison Lamb Chicken Turkey Goose Duck Flash-frozen wild salmon 	 Pork Liver Fresh and frozen stock (from meats in the left column) 	 Any aged meat Ground meat Cured/processed meat Most fish and shellfish Leftover cooked meat that has not been immediately frozen Bone broth





Dairy & Eggs

Most often eliminated entirely, ONLY use organic, grass-fed, all milk should be pasteurized

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Organic, pasture- raised eggs Ghee A2 milk Butter Cream Fresh cheese (cream cheese, ricotta, cottage, farmer's, mascarpone, fresh mozzarella, quark) Goat milk Sheep milk Whey, fresh (not powdered) 	 Any dairy products with additives, flavorings, sweeteners, coloring, etc Raw milk Buttermilk Cheese Whey, powdered Fermented dairy products (yogurt, kefir, lassi)





Vegetables

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
Greens: • Arugula • Bok choy • Cabbage • Collards • Mustard greens • Watercress Mon-starchy: • Artichokes • Asparagus • Broccoli • Brussels sprouts • Cauliflower • Onions (bulb, green/scallion) • Garlic Starchy: • Radish • Squash (summer or winter, excludes pumpkin)	Greens:• Beet greens• Chard• Dandelion greens• Escarole• Kale• Lettuce• MesclunNon-starchy:• Celery• Cucumber• Fennel• Leeks• Rhubarb• ShallotsStarchy:• Carrots• Cassava• Celery Root• Horseradish, fresh/whole• Jicama• Parsnips• Potatoes• Rutabaga• Sweet potato• Tiger nut, unroasted (root)• Turnip	 Eggplant Eggplant Mushrooms Pumpkin Spinach Tomato (a fruit, but is often treated like a vegetable) Pickles Fermented vegetables (kimchee, sauerkraut)

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Fruit

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
 Apple Blueberry Cherry Cranberry, fresh Mango 	 Apricot, fresh Blackberry Melons Dragon fruit Fig, fresh Guava Kiwi Lemon or lime juice— very small amount Nectarine Passionfruit Peach Pear Persimmon Plantain Pomegranate Raspberry 	 Avocado Banana Citrus fruit (other than very small amounts of lemon/lime juice) Grapes Papaya Pineapple Plum Strawberry Dried fruit Jams, jellies, preserves





Grains

starches, flours - includes products made with these, such as pasta

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Gluten-free grains (amaranth, buckwheat, millet, quinoa, rice, sorghum, teff) Corn (organic, non- GMO) Oats (certified gluten- free) Starches/flours: Arrowroot starch Almond flour (blanched) Cassava flour Potato starch Rice flour (white rice flour is lower-oxalate than brown) Tapioca starch/flour Tiger nut flour 	 Gluten-containing grains, flours, or baking mixes (wheat, spelt, rye, farro, bulgar, semolina, barley) Coconut flour Gluten-containing pasta (made from grains listed above-orzo, couscous) Packaged rice or pasta meals, even if certified gluten-free (such as macaroni and cheese or rice pilaf) Commercially baked goods, even if labelled gluten-free





Legumes/Beans

pressure cooking reduces lectin

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Bean sprouts Dry beans (soaked, rinsed, pressure cooked) Lentils (soaked, rinsed, pressure cooked) Split peas (green, yellow) 	 Green beans / string beans Canned beans/lentils Peas Peanuts Soybeans / edamame / tofu / tempeh





Nuts & Seeds

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Almonds Brazil nuts (max 4/day) Chia seeds Chestnuts, fresh Coconut, fresh/unsweetened flakes/cream/milk Flax seeds and meal Hazelnuts Hemp seeds and powder Macadamias Pecans Pine Nuts Pistachios Poppy seeds Pumpkin seeds Sesame Sunflower seeds 	 Cashews Coconut flour/butter Peanuts Walnuts





Oils and Fats [plant based]

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Avocado oil Coconut oil, extra virgin or MCT Flax oil, cold-pressed Macadamia oil Olive oil, extra virgin Sesame oil 	 All other vegetable oils Margarine/ hydrogenated oils





Herbs / Spices / Flavorings

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
 Herbs: Basil Chives Cilantro Juniper berries Lemongrass Mint, fresh Nettles Oregano Parsley, fresh Rosemary Sage Thyme Spices: Cardamom Caraway Ginger, dried Nutmeg flower (Nigella sativa) Paprika (sweet only) Saffron Salt, unrefined: sea salt Himalayan salt 	 Herbs: Bay leaves Dill Fennel Mint, dried Parsley, dried Spices: Coriander Curcumin (lower oxalate than turmeric) Curry leaves Ginger, fresh Turmeric 	Allspice Anise Cinnamon Chili powders, including cayenne Cloves Cumin Curry powder Licorice root Mace Mustard Nutmeg Paprika (hot) Peppercorns MSG Natural or artificial flavors





Sweeteners

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 100% monk fruit Agave in small amounts Inulin Maple syrup in small amounts Pasteurized honey Stevia Sugar alcohols (xylitol, sorbitol) 	 Artificial sweeteners Corn syrup Granulated or brown sugar Raw honey Icing/powdered sugar Molasses Syrups or other prepared sweets





Condiments and Additives

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
	 Agar agar Apple cider vinegar (use sparingly) Ascorbic acid Baking powder Baking soda Carob Cocoa butter Cream of tartar Distilled white vinegar (use sparingly) Gums (Arabic, guar, xanthan) Lecithin Pectin Sodium nitrite 	 Bragg's Liquid Aminos carageenan Chocolate/cocoa Coconut aminos Collagen Food coloring Gelatin Ketchup Locust bean Malt extract Maltodextrin Miso MSG Mustard Nutritional yeast Olives Potassium sorbate/triphosphate Relishes/compotes Smoke flavor Sodium benzoate/ triphosphate Soy sauce/tamari Vinegar Yeast extract





Beverages

Generally Safe	Highly Individual	Best Avoided
 Water – still, filtered, may add fresh- squeezed lemon or lime if tolerated 	 Carbonated water, plain or with fresh- squeezed juice Coconut water Coffee (choose mold- free brands, best to avoid caffeine altogether) Herbal tea (pure rooibos okay) Juice, freshly squeezed from allowed fruits/vegetables Mineral water Alcohol: plain white distilled alcohols, best quality. Preferably avoided 	 Carbonated water with flavoring Soda or other carbonated beverages Fermented beverages (kombucha, beer, cider, wine) Flavored drinks Rooibos blends Tea – black, green, white, mate Alcohol: low quality or brown distilled alcohols





References

- https://healinghistamine.com/what-is-histamine/histamine-in-food-lists/
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- https://mastcell360.com/low-histamine-foods-list/
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Thank you!

