15 Month Visit



NUTRITION

You can now replace formula with whole cow's milk- 18 to 24 ounces a day is needed. This provides them with the right amount of calcium but not enough Vitamin D (600IU). We recommend a complete multivitamin or vitamin D supplement to ensure that this need is met. Have your child drink from a cup instead of the bottle. Avoid sugar-based drinks. Please offer your child well-balanced meals three times daily. Children will sometimes skip meal but they will eat when their bodies are growing or need fuel. Resist the urge to offer multiple meal choices or unhealthy snacks during these times. This is a great time to have your child sit at the table with the rest of the family!

Do not give your child foods that they can choke on such as **nuts**, **popcorn**, **hard candy**, **or hot dogs cut into round pieces**. Remember to give your child water that is fortified with fluoride, either city water or nursery water.

SAFETY

- New research indicates that toddlers are more than five times safer riding rear-facing in a car safety seat up to their second birthday.
- · Watch your child closely for choking hazards.
- Never leave your child unattended in or near a bathtub, toilet, pool, lake or pail of water. If you have a pool, install a pool fence at least 4' tall with that self-closes and latches.
- Keep electrical outlets covered. Keep medicines and poisonous substances out of reach of your child and locked up.
- · Keep guns and ammunition locked separately.
- We recommend sunscreen with an SPF of >=30 and insect repellent with 10-24% DEET. Use these products separately as sunscreen needs to be reapplied every 2 hours.
- Poison Control Hotline: 1-800-222-1222.
- To access the most up to date TIPP Safety Sheets from the AAP, please visit the Patient Education Online search tool on our website under Resources.

TEETH

You can begin to brush their teeth with a rice-grain sized smear of fluoridated toothpaste daily.

IMMUNIZATIONS

Today your child will receive the vaccination(s) circled below. Common side effects to vaccinations are fever, fussiness, or soreness or redness at the vaccination site within 48 hours of the vaccination. You can use a warm compress for a few minutes several times a day for redness or swelling. You may give acetaminophen every 4-6 hours as needed for 24-48 hours for fever or fussiness. Please refer to our website for a dosing calculator. You can also access the most up-to-date Vaccine Information Sheets from the CDC.

DTaP-Hib-Polio Pneumococcal Influenza/Flu

NAME:				
DATE:				
MEASUREMENTS	:			
Weight:	Lbs	oz (%)
Height:	inches (_		%)	
Head circ.:	cm (%)	

DEVELOPMENT

At this age you may notice your baby:

- · Walks steadily and tries to climb
- Holds a cup well and starts to use a spoon
- Says three to five words other than "mamma" and "dada"
- · Follows simple instructions
- · Points to things they want

PROMOTING DEVELOPMENT

- · Read to your child to promote language development
- · Avoid "baby talk" and name objects with them
- Introduce blocks, board books, and stackers.
- Set and maintain limits for your child. Be as consistent as possible.

TEMPER TANTRUMS

- It is normal for your child to have tantrums. Please ignore these and your child should eventually develop control over them.
- Limit setting is important for a toddler. If your child is getting into something off-limits, say a firm "no" and redirect your child. If the child persists, remove the offending object, move your child to another room, or briefly give your child a "time-out" in a playpen, a chair, or a corner of the room. A time-out at this age should be about one minute in length.

FOCUS ON FAMILY

- This age can be difficult, especially if your child is strong-willed. It is normal to feel frustrated at times.
- Spend time together as a family. This is a good time, if you haven't already done so, to start eating meals as a family.
- Try to find time for you and your partner to be alone.
 Taking care of yourselves will allow you to take better care of your family.

Next visit at 18 months